NPO REGISTRATION NO. 007-220-NPO

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021



Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2021

General Information

Country of incorporation and domicile

South Africa

The trust was formed for the benefit of the Blind and Visually impaired people throughout South Africa and has the following objectives:-

- 1.1 to facilitate the growth and development of Orientation and Mobility (O&M) training:
- 1.2 to provide O&M training for as many members of the blind population as possible who need and are motivated to undergo training;

Nature of business and principal activities

- 1.3 to assist organisations and institutions serving the blind in South Africa to expand and/or initiate O&M services:
- 1.4 to facilitate the development of outreach programmes in independence training in areas not served by any organisation;
- 1.5 to provide opportunities for the training and employment of O&M instructors;
- 1.6 to facilitate access to employment opportunities for blind individuals who have successfully completed O&M training.

Trustees

The following trustees held office for the year under review:-

	Name	Name
	S C Khumalo (Chair) A Halstead (Treasurer) T T Levin	I W Hutton N Mokale
	I W Holden R R Baloyi	S Makhaye - appointed 18 February 2021 P Ramluckan (Managing Trustee) - appointed 10 March 2021
Legal form	Not-for-profit Trust	
Registration numbers	Trust registration NPO registration no.	IT10593/97 007-220
Registered office and business address	O.4. Ord A	

24 3rd Avenue Melville Johannesburg 2092

Website address

www.sambt.org.za

Bankers

Nedbank Ltd.

Preparer

The annual financial statements were internally prepared by L. Bennetts.

Level of assurance

These annual financial statements have been audited independently in compliance with the Trust Deed.

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TRUSTEES' RESPONSIBILITIES AND APPROVAL

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

The trustees are required by the Trust Property Control Act, 1988, and the trust deed, to maintain adequate accounting records and are responsible for the content and integrity of the annual financial statements and related financial information included in this report. It is their responsibility to ensure that the annual financial statements fairly present the state of affairs of the trust as at the end of the financial year and the results of its operations and cash flows for the year then ended, in conformity with its accounting policies. The external auditors are are engaged to express an independent opinion on the annual financial statements.

The annual financial statements are prepared in accordance with the trust's accounting policies and are based upon appropriate accounting policies consistently applied and supported by reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates.

The trustees acknowledge that they are ultimately responsible for the system of internal financial controls established by the trust and place considerable importance on maintaining a strong control environment. To enable the trustees to meet these responsibilities, the board of trustees sets out standards for internal control aimed at reducing the risk of error or loss in a cost - effective manner. The standards include the proper delegation of responsibilities within a clearly defined framework, effective accounting procedures and adequate segregation of duties to ensure an acceptable level of risk. These controls are monitored throughout the trust and employees are required to maintain the highest ethical standards in ensuring the trust's business is conducted in a manner that in all reasonable circumstances is above reproach. The focus of risk management in the trust is on identifying, assessing, managing and monitoring all known forms of risk across the trust. While operating risk cannot be fully eliminated, the trust endeavours to minimise it by ensuring that appropriate infrastructure, controls, systems and ethical behaviour are applied and managed within predetermined procedures and constraints.

The trustees are of the opinion, based on the information and explanations given by management, that the system of internal controls provides reasonable assurance that the financial records may be relied on for the presentation of the financial statements. However, any system of internal financial control can provide only reasonable, and not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The trustees have reviewed the trust's cash flow forecast for the year to 31st March 2022 and, in the light of this review and the current financial position, they are satisfied that the trust has or has access to adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future.

Although the board of trustees is primarily responsible for the financial affairs of the trust, it is supported by the trust's external auditors.

The external auditors are responsible for independently auditing and reporting on the trust's annual financial statements. The annual financial statements have been examined by the trust's external auditors and their report is presented on pages 2 to 4.

The annual financial statements set out on pages 5 to 18, were approved by the board of trustees on the 8th July 2021 and were signed on its behalf by:

Ton



P O BOX 32707 BRAAMFONTEIN 2017 SOUTH AFRICA

TEL (011) 403 3835 FAX (011) 339 7762

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE TRUSTEES

SOUTH AFRICAN MOBILITY FOR THE BLIND TRUST TRUST NUMBER IT 10593/97

Unqualified Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of The South African Mobility for the Blind Trust, set out on pages 6 to 18, which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 March 2021, and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in reserves and statement of cash flows for the financial year then ended, and the notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the financial statements fairly present, in all material respects, the financial position of The *South African Mobility for the Blind Trust, as at 31 March 2021, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with its accounting policies and the Trust Deed.

Basis for Unqualified Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Trust in accordance with the Independent Regulatory Board for Auditors Code of Professional Conduct for Registered Auditors (IRBA Code), together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of financial statements in South Africa. We have fulfilled our other ethical requirements in accordance with these requirements and the IRBA Code. The IRBA Code is consistent with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (Part A and B). We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other Information

The Board of Trustees is responsible for the other information, which comprises the Trustees Report set out on page 5. The other information does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged With Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with their accounting policies and the requirements of the Trust Deed, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Trust's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Trust or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Trust's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Trust's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Trust's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinior Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However future events or conditions may cause the Trust to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the business activities within the trust to express an opinion on the financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the trust audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit. We have communicated with those charged with governance on all relationships and other matters, which may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence and, where applicable, related safeguards.

DC Douglas RA Douglas & Velcich

Jud Velli.

Chartered Accountants (S.A.)

Johannesburg 19 July 2021

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

The trustees present their annual report, together with the annual financial statements of the trust for the financial year ended 31 March 2021.

GENERAL

The results of the trust's activities and the state of its affairs are set out in the attached financial statements.

EQUIPMENT

During the year under review, the Trust purchased equipment of R16,509 (2020: R191,363).

TRUST CAPITAL

The Trust was formed on the 31 October 1997 with a donation of R100.

SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

There were no material facts or circumstances which have occurred in the trust's operations between the financial position date and the date of this report.

AUDITORS

Douglas & Velcich were retained as auditors during the year under review.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AT 31 MARCH 2021

	Note	2021 R	2020 R
ASSETS		4 544 625	4 532 659
Non current assets		263 369	360 563
Equipment	3	263 369	360 563
Current assets		4 281 256	4 172 096
Cash and cash equivalents Inventories	4 5	4 110 272 170 984	3 985 452 186 644
Total assets		4 544 625	4 532 659
RESERVES AND LIABILITIES		4 544 625	4 532 659
Reserves		3 441 144	3 128 085
Trust capital Accumulated surplus Sustainability reserve Equipment fund	6	100 1 385 951 1 791 724 263 369	100 1 211 099 1 556 324 360 563
Current liabilities		1 103 482	1 404 574
Accounts payable Deferred income Provision for leave pay	7 8 9	49 645 982 161 71 676	38 320 1 355 827 10 427
Total reserves and liabilities		4 544 625	4 532 659

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

	70/10 1/	2021	2020
	Note	R	R
INCOME		3 970 585	4 214 980
Grants, subsidies and donations	10	3 652 369	4 067 826
Ters benefits		169 567	
Interest received	11	148 649	147 155
EXPENDITURE		3 657 527	3 799 686
Advocacy		329 684	348 589
Monitoring, supervision and evaluation		372 770	382 080
Office and administration		705 951	720 774
Training		1 592 433	1 590 510
Communication costs		50 607	51 235
Salaries and other contributions		850 230	802 661
Training equipment and accessories		248 985	228 589
Travel and accommodation		442 611	508 025
Staff in service training and conferences		64 727	104 957
Sustainability		329 011	376 511
 Training programme - Preparation and Co-ordin 	ation	262 951	276 265
SURPLUS FOR THE YEAR		313 058	415 295

SOUTH AFRICAN MOBILITY FOR THE BLIND TRUST TRUST NUMBER IT 10593/97

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN RESERVES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021					
	Trust capital R	Accumulated surplus R	Sustainability reserve R	Equipment fund R	Total R
Balance at 31 March 2019	100	1 184 511	1 200 000	273 180	2 657 790
Net surplus for the year	ì	415 295	r	i.	415 295
Transfer (to) equipment fund	Í	(136 363)		191 363	55 000
Additions during the year Proceeds from disposal of assets	1 1	(191 363) 55 000	1 1	191 363	55 000
Depreciation for the year	i	103 980	.1	(103 980)	,
Transfer (to) sustainability reserve	•	(356 324)	356 324	t	•
Balance at 31 March 2020	100	1 211 099	1 556 324	360 563	3 128 085
Net surplus for the year	i	313 058	E	¢	313 058
Transfer (to) equipment fund	ı	(16 509)	ı	16 509	
Additions during the year	ī	(16 509)	£	16 509	15
Depreciation for the year	ï	113 703	ī	(113 703)	ı
Transfer (to) sustainability reserve	ī	(235 400)	235 400	1	1
Balance at 31 March 2021	100	1 385 951	1 791 724	263 369	3 441 144

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

	Note	2021 R	2020 R
Cash received from funders Cash expended on programmes, suppliers and employees	_	3 448 271 (3 455 590)	5 344 696 (3 640 848)
Cash (utilised in)/generated from operations	14	(7 320)	1 703 848
Interest received	11	148 649	147 155
Net cash inflow from operating activities	-	141 329	1 851 003
Cash flows (utilised in) investing activities		(16 509)	(136 363)
Acquisition of equipment Proceeds from insurance claim on stolen laptop		(16 509)	(191 363) 55 000
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		124 820	1 714 640
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		3 985 452	2 270 812
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	4 =	4 110 272	3 985 452

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis, except for financial instruments as indicated below. The financial statements incorporate the following principal accounting policies which are consistent, in all material respects, with those applied in the previous year:-

1.1 Accounting convention

The trust is registered with the Master of the High Court under the Trust Property Control Act, 1988, and, as such no part of its income or property shall be transferred to its trustees directly or indirectly. All reserves of the trust are consequently non-distributable.

1.2 Equipment

The cost of an item of tangible assets is recognised as an asset when:

- it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the trust; and
- the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

Costs include costs incurred initially to acquire or construct an item of tangible assets and costs incurred subsequently to add to, replace part of, or service it. If a replacement cost is recognised in the carrying amount of an item of tangible assets, the carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised.

Tangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is provided on all tangible assets other than freehold land, to write down the cost, less residual value, by equal instalments over their useful lives as follows:

Item	Useful life
Computer equipment	3 years
Furniture and fixtures	10 years
Motor vehicles	5 years
Office equipment	4 years

The depreciation charge for each period is recognised in surplus or deficit unless it is included in the carrying amount of another asset.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

The gain or loss arising from the derecognition of an item of equipment is included in surplus or deficit when the item is derecognised. The gain or loss arising from the derecognition of an item of equipment is determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds, if any, and the carrying amount of the item.

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021 (Continued)

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

1.3 Financial instruments

Measurement

Financial instruments are initially measured at cost, which includes transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, these instruments are measured as set out below:

Accounts receivable

Accounts receivables and accrued income are stated at cost less provision for impairment losses.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are measured at fair value.

Accounts payable

Accounts payable which are short - term obligations, are stated at their nominal value.

1.4 Impairment

The carrying amount of assets are reviewed at financial position date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If there is such indication, the assets are written down to the estimated recoverable amounts. The recoverable amount is the higher of the net selling price and the value in use.

1.5 Equipment fund

An equipment fund is maintained to separate from accumulated funds the funding of non-current assets, which are not available for the short term funding of operations.

The fund is maintained at a value equal to the carrying value of equipment in the statement of financial position. Depreciation and profits or losses on disposal are charged against operating income each year and adjusted against the fund.

1.6 Sustainability fund

The sustainability fund has been established to ensure future sustainability of the trust. Interest earned will be brought to account directly in the fund.

Any other costs to be funded from this reserve will be at the discretion of the trustees.

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021 (Continued)

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

1.7 Income recognition

Income from grants is generally brought to account in the period to which it relates.

All other income is brought to account as and when received.

1.8 Interest income

Interest is brought to account as and when received.

1.9 Expenditure recognition

Expenditure is accounted for on the accrual basis.

1.10 Project accounting and expense allocation

In terms of its contractual obligations to donors, the trust's policy is to allocate project expenses that are clearly identifiable as such, directly against project funds. Indirect and shared costs are apportioned on the basis of management estimates.

Accrued and deferred grant income is based on the balance of each project or donor fund after taking into account the direct, indirect and shared costs as described above. The unexpended surplus of the project fund is deferred to the following year or the deficit is accrued in the year under review.

2. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

2.1 Financial risk factors

The trust's activities could expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including fair value interest rate risk), credit risk, liquidity risk and cash flow interest rate risk. The trust's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the trust's financial performance.

Risk management is carried out by the trustees, who evaluate financial risks.

(a) Market risk

The trust is exposed to currency risk to the extent that some grants are denominated in foreign currency. The trust however does not operate internationally and therefore its exposure to any foreign exchange risk is limited. The trust is not exposed to equity securities price risk, because it does not hold such investments.

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021 (Continued)

2. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

2.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

(b) Credit risk

The trust's credit risk is attributable to accounts receivable, accrued income and liquid funds. The credit risk on liquid funds is limited because the counter party is a bank with credit rating assigned by international credit-rating agencies. The trust has no significant credit risk arising from its receivables or accrued income in the current year.

(c) Liquidity risk

Using cash flow forecasting, management maintains adequate levels of cash to fund ongoing obligations.

(d) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

The trust has minimal exposure to interest rate risk as surplus funds are invested in local interest-bearing accounts.

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021 (Continued)

Total R	360 563 1 000 340 (639 777) 16 509 - (24 835) 24 835 (113 703) 263 369 992 013 (728 644)	273 180 1 035 282 (762 102) 191 363 (103 980) 360 563 1 000 340 (639 777)
Office Equipment R	1 075 (1 075) 5 699 - 1 075 5 699 - 5 699	1075 (1075)
Motor vehicles R	359 006 918 614 (559 608) - - (113 035) 245 972 918 614 (672 643)	263 740 951 875 (688 135) 189 364 (222 625 222 625 (94 098) 359 006 918 614 (559 608)
Furniture & fixtures R	6 590) (6 590) (6 590) (9 590)	10 270 (10 270) - - (3 680) 3 680 - - - 6 590.40 (6 590.40)
Computer software R	17 170 (17 170) 17 170 17 170 17 170	17 170 (17 170)
Computer equipment R	1 557 56 890 (55 334) 10 810 - - - 11 699 67 700 (56 002)	9 439 54 891 (45 452) 1 999 - - - (9 882) 1 55 56 890 (55 334)
3. EQUIPMENT 31 March 2021	Net book value at 1/4/2020 Cost Accumulated depreciation Additions for the year Assets scrapped-during the year Cost Accumulated depreciation Depreciation for the year Net book value at 31/3/2021 Cost Accumulated depreciation	31 March 2020 Net book value at 1/4/2019 Cost Additions for the year Disposals during the year Cost Accumulated depreciation Depreciation for the year Net book value at 31/3/2020 Cost Accumulated depreciation

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021 (Continued)

	TEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021 (Continued)	2021 R	2020 R
4.	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
	Nedbank - moneytrade investment Nedbank - current accounts Petty cash	3 811 103 297 326 1 843 4 110 272	3 723 088 261 587 777 3 985 452
5.	INVENTORIES		
	Training and demonstration equipment	170 984	186 644
6.	SUSTAINABILITY FUND		
	Balance at beginning of the year Movement for the year	1 556 324 235 400	1 200 000 356 324
		1 791 724	1 556 324
	that had been accumulated from 1998 to 2012. This reserve is considered to be unrestricted and protected discretion of the trustees to cover unforeseen, unplanned exterenchment packages and legal challenges. The Trustees endeavour each year to transfer any excess i with a view of ultimately having a reserve representing approf the annual budget.	rpenditure such as	
7.	ACCOUNTS PAYABLE		
	Accruals Payroll liabilities	13 424 36 221 49 645	38 320 - 38 320
8.	DEFERRED INCOME		,
	ABSA Bank Limited Anglo American Chairman's Fund Anonymous Funder Gauteng Department of Health Harry Brunskill Educational and Charitable Trust HCI Foundation IQRAA Trust King Baudouin Foundation United States (KBFUS) MS Parker Trust National Lotteries Commission The Simmonds Hampton Trust The Victor Daitz Foundation	2 000 29 743 520 000 - 3 622 13 000 - 216 577 140 000 - 50 000 7 219 982 161	563 850 197 950 5 000 - 30 000 145 686 - 226 541 170 000 16 800 1 355 827

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021 (Continued)

THE TEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021 (Continued)	2021 R	2020 R
9. PROVISION FOR LEAVE PAY		
Balance at beginning of the year	10 427	26 503
Movement for the year	61 248	(16 076)
	71 676	10 427
10. GRANTS, SUSBIDIES AND DONATIONS		
ABSA Bank Limited	648 000	
Received	650 000	<u>Mark</u>
Deferred to 2022	(2 000)	±1
AECI	1-	261 649
Received	s. 	241 400
Deferred to 2020	-	20 249
Anglo American Chairman's Fund	320 257	350 000
Received	350 000	350 000
Deferred to 2022	(29 743)	=
Anonymous Funder	563 850	407 350
Received	520 000	971 200
Deferred to 2021	563 850	(563 850)
Deferred to 2022	(520 000)	<u> </u>
Assmang Khumani	-	100 000
Concor Construction (Pty) Ltd	100 000	-
Consol Glass	36 420	
The Donaldson Trust	56 880	
Gauteng Department of Health	197 950	1 216 258
Received	-	1 400 000
Deferred to 2020	-	14 208
Deferred to 2021	197 950	(197 950)
Harry Brunskill Educational and Charitable Trust	64 378	55 000
Received	63 000	60 000
Deferred to 2021	5 000	(5 000)
Deferred to 2022	(3 622)	
HCI Foundation	187 000	140 000
Received	200 000	140 000
Deferred to 2022	(13 000)	-
IQRAA Trust	70 000	-
Received	40 000	30 000
Deferred to 2021	30 000	(30 000)
Joan St Leger Lindbergh Charitable Trust	60 000	60 000
John and Esther Ellerman Memorial Trust	347 208	347 208
King Baudouin Foundation United States (KBFUS)	145 686	151 567
Received	216 577	297 253
Deferred to 2021	145 686	(145 686)
Deferred to 2022 Malcolm and Gladys Cameron Foundation	(216 577)	50 000
Balance carried forward	2 797 628	3 139 032

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021 (Continued)

		2021 R	2020 R
10.	GRANTS, SUSBIDIES AND DONATIONS (Continued)	
	Balance brought forward	2 797 628	3 139 032
	MS Parker Trust Received	140 000	74 500 30 000
	Deferred to 2020	-	44 500
	Deferred to 2022	(140 000)	-
	National Lotteries Commission	226 541	518 064
	Received	21	744 605
	Deferred to 2021	226 541	(226 541)
	The Simmonds Hampton Trust	170 000	40 000
	Received	50 000	210 000
	Deferred to 2021	170 000	(170 000)
	Deferred to 2022	(50 000)	-
	The Victor Daitz Foundation	421 800	255 000
	Received	412 219	271 800
	Deferred to 2021 Deferred to 2022	16 800	(16 800)
	SECONDO CONTRACTOR CON	(7 219) 36 400	41 230
	Sundry donations		
		3 652 369	4 067 826
11.	INTEREST RECEIVED		
	Nedbank - moneytrade investment	144 015	142 662
	Nedbank - current account	4 633	4 493
		148 649	147 155
12.	AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION		
	Audit fees	60 841	54 888
	Other services		
		60 841	54 888

13. TAXATION

No provision has been made for taxation as the Trust is exempt from South African Normal tax in terms of section 10(1)(cN) as read with Section 30 of the Income Tax Act.

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021 (Continued)

Adjusted for : Interest received	THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021 (Continued)	2021 R	2020 R
Adjusted for : Interest received	14. CASH (UTILISED IN)/GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS		
Interest received	Surplus for the year	313 058	415 295
Depreciation (Decrease)/increase in deferred income (373 666) 1 276 Increase/(decrease) in the provision for leavepay 61 248 (16 Operating surplus before working capital changes (34 305) 1 63 Operating capital changes (34 305) 1 0 Operating capital cha	Adjusted for :		
capital changes(34 305)1 63Working capital changes26 9857Decrease in accounts receivableDecrease in inventories15 6605Increase in accounts payable11 3251	Depreciation (Decrease)/increase in deferred income	113 703 (373 666)	(147 155) 103 980 1 276 870 (16 076)
Decrease in accounts receivable Decrease in inventories Increase in accounts payable - 15 660 5 11 325 1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(34 305)	1 632 914
(7 320) 1 70	Decrease in accounts receivable Decrease in inventories	- 15 660	70 934 1 800 57 716 11 418
(1.020)		(7 320)	1 703 848

15. GOING CONCERN

The existence of the trust is dependent on the continued support of its donors, by way of grants. Should the grants be withdrawn it is highly unlikely that the trust will be able to continue as a going concern.

16. FUNDS HELD IN TRUST

Friends of South African Mobility for the Blind Trust

Funds are collected on behalf of South African Mobility for the Blind Trust in the United States by King Baudouin Foundation United States.

The funds are held in Trust until distributions are made to South Africa.

At the 31 March 2021, there was a balance of US\$ 0.84 held (2020: US\$ 0.84)